

Real Analysis II - Review for exam I

The first exam will be this Wednesday, February 24. Here are some problems worth consideration.

1. Write down a careful statement of the following theorems.
 - (a) Uniform convergence
 - (b) Abel's theorem
 - (c) Taylor's theorem with remainder
 - (d) Weierstrass M -test
 - (e) The upper and lower sums $U(f, P)$ and $L(f, P)$ of a bounded function with respect to a partition
 - (f) The upper and lower sums $U(f)$ and $L(f)$ of a bounded function over an interval
 - (g) The Riemann integral $\int_a^b f$ of a bounded function f .

2. Suppose that Q is a refinement of the partition P of the interval $[a, b]$ and that f is a bounded function on $[a, b]$. Show that

$$L(f, P) \leq L(f, Q) \leq U(f, Q) \leq U(f, P).$$

Derive, as a corollary that $L(f, P_1) \leq U(f, P_2)$ for *all* partitions P_1 and P_2 of $[a, b]$.

3. Define f to be the step function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } -3 \leq x < 0 \\ -2 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases}$$

Show that f is integrable over $[-3, 1]$ and that $\int_{-3}^1 f = 1$.

4. Suppose that $f_n : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is integrable on $[a, b]$ for each n and that $f_n \rightarrow f$ uniformly on $[a, b]$. Prove that f is integrable on $[a, b]$.
5. Manipulate the geometric series to show that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

Note: You'll need to substitute $x \rightarrow -x^2$, integrate the result, and plug in the appropriate number. That number is on the *boundary* of the domain of convergence, though, so you'll need to use Abel's theorem to justify the equality.